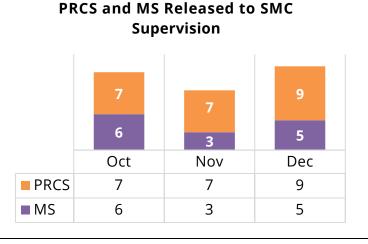


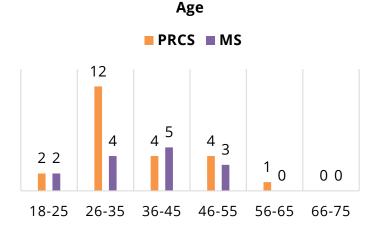
Quarterly Post-Release Community and Mandatory Supervision Update October – December 2022: 37 New Supervisees

*since realignment began in October 2011, there have been 2,816 supervisees

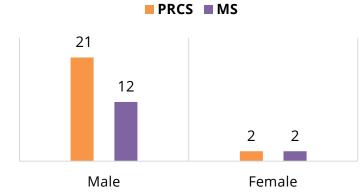
FY 2022-2023 Second Qu	arter Highlights
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- 37 new supervisees
- 23 new PRCS supervisees; 14 new MS supervisees
- 35% of new supervisees live out of county
- 38% of new supervisees were transient
- 25 revocations were filed
- 52% of violations were technical violations
- 16% of violations were drug/alcohol crimes
- 63% of terminations were successful

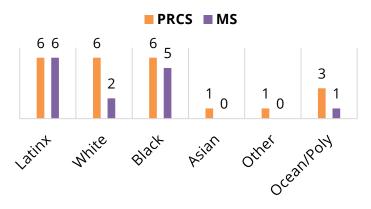




Gender



Race



	Ρ	RCS				MS	
Daly City	2	South San Francisco	2	San Mateo	1		
East Palo Alto	2	Half Moon Bay	1	Transient	4	Out of County	9
Redwood City	2			Total Supervisees	Total Supervisees		
Transient	10	Out of County	4				
Total Supervisees		23					

Terminations, Revocations and Flashes

There were thirty (30) terminations during the reporting period. Sixty-three percent (63%) were successful.

Total # of Supervisees Successfully Terminated		Total # of Supervisees Unsuccessful Terminated	
PRCS – 8	MS – 11	PRCS – 5	MS – 6
• Early Terminations: 8	• Early Terminations: 0		
• Normal: 0	• Normal: 11		

In the reporting period, we filed a total of twenty-five (25) revocations, with PRCS having twenty-one (21) and MS having four (4) revocations. The breakdown by violation category is below:

Violation Type	PRCS	MS	% of Q4 Revocations
Property	2	1	12%
Drug/Alcohol	4	0	16%
Crimes Against Persons	4	0	16%
Technical	11	2	52%
Other Crimes	0	1	4%
Total	21	4	100%

Generally, the population is reoffending by committing crimes similar to those for which they are on Realignment, namely non-serious, non-violent, non-serious sex related crimes.

Fifty-two percent (52%) of revocations were for technical violations. Technical violations of supervision are filed when supervisees abscond or fail to abstain from substance use. It is important to note that the Probation Department usually files formal revocations after lower sanctions have been attempted, including flash incarcerations for PRCS cases. However, at times, officers may decide that a formal revocation is more appropriate than utilizing lower sanctions, depending on the circumstances of the violation. Forty-eight (48%) of revocations filed were for new law violations involving crimes against persons, property, drug/alcohol related crimes, as well as other crimes.

There were six (6) **flash incarcerations** during this reporting period.

Four (4) cases were **<u>transferred</u>** to another county for supervision.

Recidivism Definition

San Mateo County: Arrest and/or Charges Filed within 3 years of Last Incarceration in San Mateo County, including warrant arrests, PTA/Court Sentence but *excludes* PRCS flash incarcerations/Revocation, 647/849B1 (no charges filed) or dropped charges.

Attorney General: An arrest resulting in a charge within three years of an individual's release from incarceration or placement on supervision for a previous criminal conviction

BSCC: A conviction of a new felony or misdemeanor committed within three years of release from custody or committed within three years of placement on supervision for a previous criminal conviction.



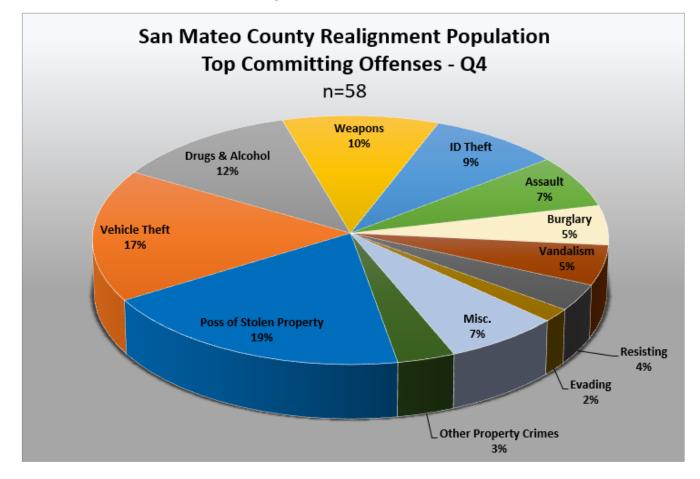
REALIGNMENT BULLETIN CY Q4: October 2022 — December 2022

Executive Summary:

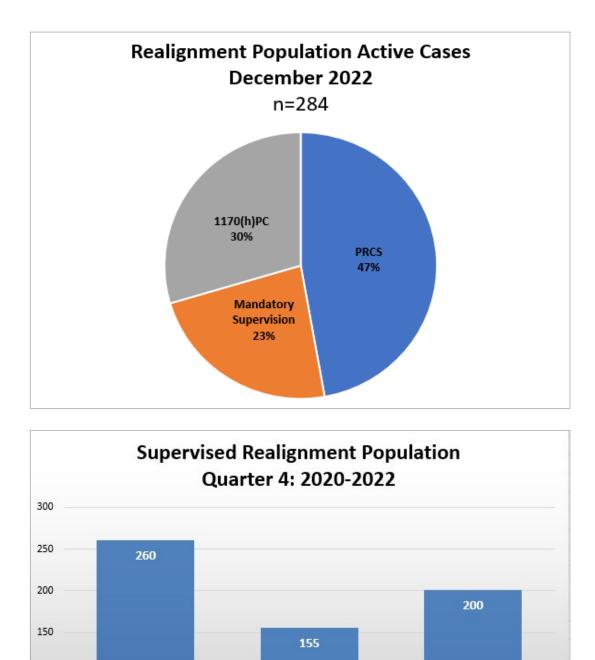
Offenses committed by the supervised and in-custody realignment populations in San Mateo County during October through December (Q4) continue to show that this population commits drug and property crime offenses. However, we continue to see an increase in our assault and weapons related offenses.

Overview:

During Q4, possession of stolen property (19%), vehicle theft (17%), and drug & alcohol offenses (12%) were the top committing offenses for the realignment population (this includes the new supervised cases and in-custody realignment offenders). Please note, "miscellaneous" refers to a number of assorted offenses that do not amount to any one category. These offenses include but are not limited to: elder abuse, violating court orders, and various sex crimes.



The data used for this analysis was derived from information provided by the San Mateo County Probation Department and data from the SMCSO Corrections Division.



Note: This data was obtained from different sources (Probation and Corrections) and may overlap slightly. However, the preceding analysis provides a general picture of the San Mateo County realignment population.

San Mateo County: In-Custody

AB109 In-Custody Statistics

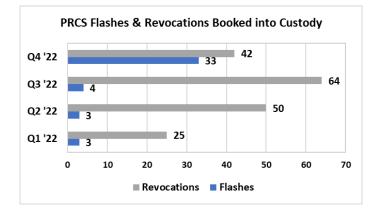
PC1170(h) New Sentenced Cases	Q4 2022	Q3 2022	Q2 2022
Number of new PC1170(h) cases	60	64	53
Total PC1170(h) Days to Serve	30,194	31,307	27,252
Number of Split Sentences	17	19	16
Number of Straight Sentences	43	45	37
Average Length of Stay (ALOS) all cases (after credits applied)	122	135	158
Average Length of Stay (ALOS) Split Sentences (after credits applied)	56	84	102
Average Length of Stay (ALOS) Straight Sentences (after credits applied)	148	157	183

Demographics of the Newly Sentenced PC1170(h) during Q4 CY2022:

Gender:	Average Age:	Residency:
Male = 92% (55) Female = 8% (5)	37 years old	30 - Out of County 16 - In County 14 - Transient/Unknown

Mandatory Supervision Revocation (MSV): Offenders in this population were re- arrested after being released from a PC1170(h) split	MSV Revocation Cases	Q4 2022	Q3 2022	Q2 2022
sentence. Some of these offenders were ordered to serve the remainder of their original sentence and	Number of MSV Cases	7	8	11
supervision was revoked; others were ordered to serve a portion of their original sentence and were	Total MSV Days to Serve	1,671	1,139	1,671
reinstated on mandatory supervision.	Average Length of Stay	100	71	54

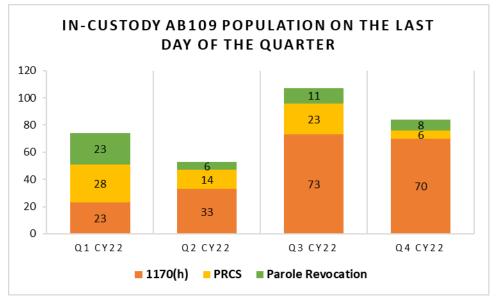
Parole Revocation Sentenced Cases	Q4 2022	Q3 2022	Q2 2022
Number of Parole Revocation Cases	14	18	12
Total Parole Revocation Days to Serve	2,375	3,174	1,950
Average Length of Stay	87	48	48

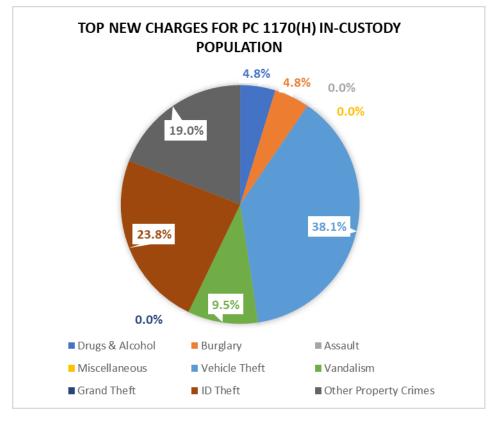


Post Release Community Supervision (In Custody) Cases	Q4 2022	Q3 2022	Q2 2022
Number of PRCS Revocation Sentences	24	34	31
Total PRCS Revocation Days to Serve	3,523	4,971	4,767
Average Length of Stay	71	50	37

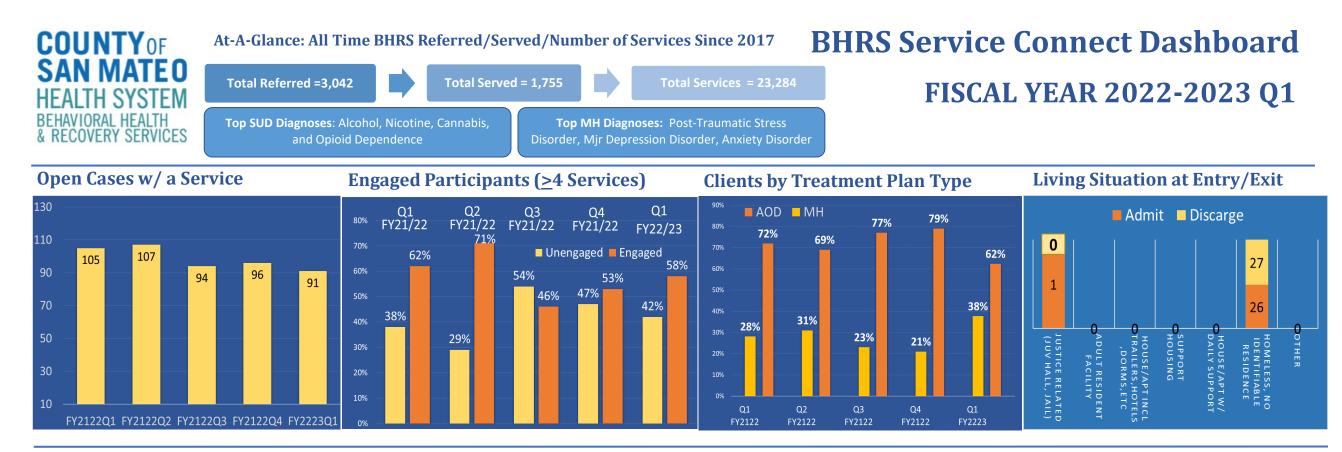
AB109 In-Custody on the Last Day of the Quarter:

On the last day of the quarter (December 31, 2022), the total AB109 in-custody population was 8.2% (84) of the overall average daily population (1,019), a significant decrease from the prior quarter 10.4% (107) with an ADP of 1,027.

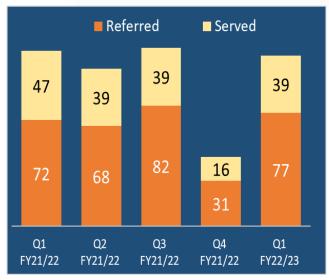




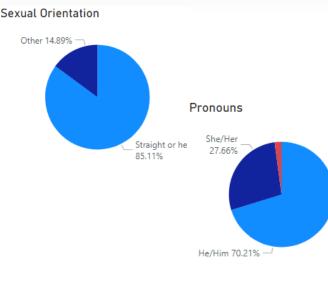
During Q4 CY2022, vehicle theft, identity theft, and other property crimes comprised the top new charges committed by the in-custody population. Please note that the category "Other Property Crimes" refers to offenses such as elder theft, receiving stolen property, embezzlement, forgery, and larceny. "Miscellaneous" refers to a number of assorted offenses that do not amount to any one category. These offenses include but are not limited to: evading, false imprisonment, stalking, and arson.



Total Referred and Served



SOGI Data



Health Services Provided by Partners:

Correctional Health Services

PES Services





Service Connect BHRS Dashboard

FISCAL YEAR 2022-23 FIRST QUARTER SUMMARY REPORT NARRATIVE



Please Note: The BHRS Service Connect Dashboard is presented one quarter in arrears in order to present accurate data because submission deadlines are too soon after the quarter close.

AT-A-GLANCE: All Time Total BHRS Referred, Served, Number of Services, or Booking Encounter The total number of participants referred to BHRS for treatment since July 1, 2017, is 3,042 (increase of 77 over Q4) and of these, 1,755 (increase of 39 over Q4) entered treatment and/or recovery plans (participants served by BHRS and is a lower number because not all assessments result in treatment). Referred is defined as participants showing up for the first post-referral appointment and does not include those referred, but who did not follow through on the referral. This also represents the total number of services, 23,284(both mental health and substance use treatment) provided to participants since the inception of the program (increase of 869). These are significant increases (nearly double) as compared to previous quarters.

Open Service Connect Cases with a Service

This graph represents total Service Connect participants that received at least one BHRS service. The numbers do include participants that continued from quarter to quarter, so a participant could be counted more than once in each quarter if their case was open across multiple fiscal quarters. The Q1 count is 91, which is consistent with previous quarters, but remains a lower number as compared to the first half of the last fiscal year.

Engaged Participants with Four or More Services in a Year

"Engaged" is defined as a participant receiving four or more services, meaning the participant has returned to BHRS for multiple appointments for different services, demonstrating the participant is engaged because they actively participate. Engagement increased to 58% during Q1, which is improved over the previous quarter, representing an upward trend more consistent with early last fiscal year.

Percent of Participants with Substance Abuse Recovery Plan or a Mental Health Treatment Plan

This graph presents the percentage of participants who had a mental health treatment plan or a substance abuse recovery plan. Recovery plans are typically at a rate of two to one as compared to a mental health treatment plan. However, Q1 of the current fiscal year indicates a shift with the number of mental health treatment plans increasing while AOD plans have decreased.

Living Situation Upon Program Admission and Discharge

This graph shows the living situations of participants at the time the participant was admitted to the program and then the living situation when discharged from the program. The purpose of this measure is to monitor the service impact on improvement of the living situation of the participant, which is not positive as all discharged participants were homeless.

Total Individuals Referred to Service Connect and Total Admitted for Services

Not all individuals referred to the program meet the assessment criteria for admission to the program, so this graph measures the difference between the number of persons referred and the number that are admitted and served for each quarter. The results for Q1 demonstrate a significant increase over Q4 yet consistent with the remainder of last fiscal year.

Social Orientation and Gender Identity (SOGI) Data

BHRS collects SOGI data in five categories at admissions and across the life of a case to inform other levels of government of the needs of all populations. Q1 displays only Sexual Orientation and Pronouns and is the first quarter with significant increases of 8% in "Other" and "She/Her."

Correctional Health Services

Correctional Health data presents the total participants that flow through Correctional Health by quarter. The counts represent the participants who were screened, medically treated, and referred for mental illness and substance abuse treatment.

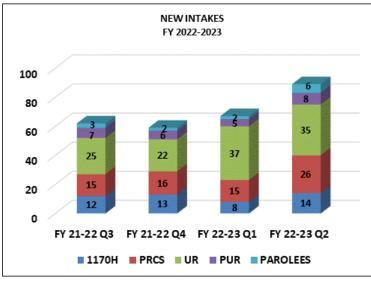
Service Connect Cases with PES Counts

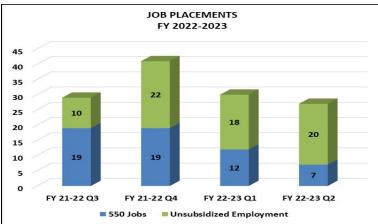
A Psychiatric Emergency Services (PES) count is when a Service Connect participant has presented themselves at PES. Those participants that were not admitted are shown as a "visit" and those admitted are shown as "inpatient." Involvement with PES is only counted if enrolled in Service Connect—counts do not include episodes when subject was not a participant in Service Connect. FY 22/23 Q1 counts (22 visits; 1 inpatient) is a decrease in PES visits and below the average of 25.

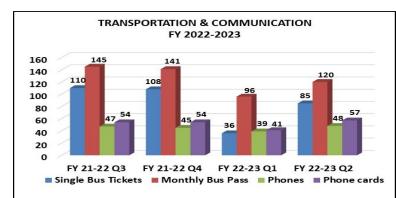
COUNTY OF SAN MATEO HUMAN SERVICES AGENCY EMPLOYMENT SERVICES



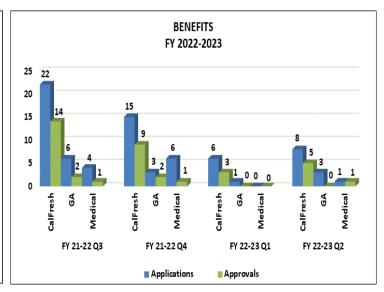
OCTOBER 2022—DECEMBER 2022









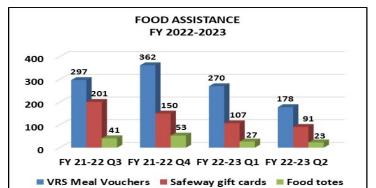


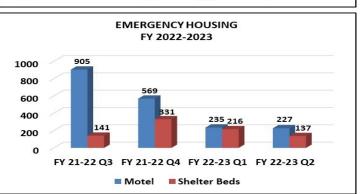
UNSUBSIDIZED EMPLOYMENT by TYPE of BUSINESS

Second Quarter, FY 22-23

TOTAL	20		
Education	1		
Health & Counselling	1		
Construction	2		
Manufacturing	2		
Services	3		
Retail	5		
Hotel & Food	6		

Average Wage/hour = \$20.65





Service Connect HSA Dashboard

FY 22-23, Q2 (October 2022 – December 2022)

New Intakes

- There were 89 intakes in Q2.
- Intakes in Q2 by program type: 45% AB109, 39% UR, 9% Probation UR, 7% Parolees.
- There were eight Probation UR served in Q2, total of 45 since its inception in March 2021.
- Under the virtual intake pilot program initiated in coordination with Sheriff's Office, 44 virtual intakes were completed in Q2 accounting for 49% of intakes.

Eligibility/Benefits

- There were 12 applications received and processed in Q2: 8 CalFresh, 3 General Assistance, 1 Medi-Cal.
- There were 6 applications approved in Q2: 5 CalFresh, 1 Medi-Cal.
- Denied applications totaled 13: 6 CalFresh, 7 General assistance. Ten failed to provide verifications, 2 missed appointment, 1 exceeded income limit.
- There was no application withdrawal.

Employment Services

- In Q2, 27 individuals obtained employment. Unsubsidized employment comprised 74% and subsidized employment 26%.
- Hotel & food, retail, and services were the top 3 businesses that employed individuals in Q2.
- Average wage per hour for unsubsidized employment was \$20.65.
- There were 40 in-custody employment workshops conducted in Q2 with graduates earning a Certificate of Completion. There were 72 graduates who completed a five-workshop cycle and 15 graduates who completed three five-workshop cycles.
- Out-of-custody individuals participated in employment training workshops offered at the Resource Center by the Employment Services branch.

Services Provided

- Transportation and communication were the most requested service in Q2: 120 monthly bus passes, 85 bus tickets, 48 phones, and 57 phone cards were issued serving an average of 78 individuals per month.
- Food assistance was the second most requested service: 178 meal vouchers, 91 Safeway cards, 23 food totes were issued serving an average of 42 individuals per month.
- Other services provided were personal supportive items. Individuals were provided with 95 clothing vouchers, 107 Target cards, 31 hygiene kits.
- In Q2, there were 39 individuals who utilized the motel voucher program and 3 individuals provided with shelter bed placement. Shelter bed placements were limited due to Covid-19.

Peer Support Services

- There were 26 individuals who received peer support services in Q2: 60% face-to-face meetings, 25% phone check-ins, 5% administrative support, 5% motel visits, and 5% transportation.
- Iron Sharpens Iron support group had 5 participants over 7 meetings and provides a platform to discuss various barriers to successful reentry.
- In Q2, there was no interactive journaling session held. It was replaced by Enneagram Prison Project, a training program that builds on self-awareness for personal growth and development.